Paul the Octopus: A Simulation Activity

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http://www.cnn.com/2010/SPORT/football/07/08/germany.octopus.explainer/index.html

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- How unusual would this outcome be if Paul was just randomly guessing?
- How could we figure this out??

coin toss = prediction by Paul

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heads = correct prediction

coin toss	=	prediction by Paul
heads	=	correct prediction
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one set of 8 coin flips	=	one set of 8 predictions by Paul

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- Google Chrome App available for offline use

to accompany <u>Statistics: Unlocking the Power of Data</u>

by Lock, Lock, Lock, and Lock

Descriptive Statistics and	Graphs	Bootstrap Confidence Intervals			Randomization Hypothesis Tests		
One Quantitative Variable	•	CI for Single Mean, Median, St.Dev.			Test for Single Mean		
One Categorical Variable		CI for Single Proportion			Test for Single Proportion		
One Quantitative and One Variable	e Categorical	CI for Difference In Means			Test for Difference in Means		
Two Categorical Variables		CI for Difference In Proportions			Test for Difference In Proportions		
Two Quantitative Variable	?S	CI for Slope, Correlation			Test for Slope, Correlation		
Sampling Distributions Mean Pr			roportion				
Theoretical Distributions	Norn	nal t			χ ²	F	
More Advanced Randomization Tests	χ^2 Goodness-of-Fit		2 Test for Association	ANOVA for Difference in Means		ANOVA for Regression	



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Statkey Randomization Test for a Proportion Custom Data * **Edit Data** Generate 1 Sample Generate 10 Samples Generate 100 Samples Generate 1000 Samples **Reset Plot** Randomization Dotplot of Proportion Null hypothesis: p = 0.5samples = 0Left Tail Two-Tail Right Tail mean = NaNst. dev. = NaNEdit data Please select values for count and sample size. count: sample size: 8 Ok

0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0

Randomization Test for a Proportion

