A P S T A T I S T I C S PRODUCING Data OBSERVATIONAL STUDIES, SAMPLES, AND EXPERIMENTS

Chapter Objectives

Distinguish between, and discuss the advantages of, observational studies and experiments.

- Identify and give examples of different types of sampling methods including a clear definition of simple random sample.
- Identify and give examples of sources of bias in sample surveys.

Identify and explain the three basic principles of experimental design.

Explain what is meant by a completely randomized design.

Distinguish between the purposes of randomization and blocking in an experimental design.

This chapter introduces you to the concept of collecting data according to a well-developed plan. This plan includes clarifying the question and deciding upon a method of data collection and analysis. You will learn how to design experiments and select sampling methods to collect valid, representative data.

CHAPTER 5

- **Obsigning Samples**
- Observational Study vs. Experiment
- Population vs. Sample
- Sampling Methods
- Simple Random Samples
- Gautions about Samples

- **O** Designing Experiments
- Experimental Units, Subjects, Treatments
- Randomized Comparative Experiments
- Blocked Design
- Matched Pairs Design

Mon	Τυε	WED	Тнυ	FRI
		14	15 Sect 5.1	l6 Sect 5.I
		• Part I Exam	 Observational Study vs Experiment Population vs. Sample Sampling Methods 	 Simple Random Sample m&m Sample Activity
		Read Section 5.1	5.1-5.8	5.9-5.13
19 Sect 5.1	20 Sect 5.2	21 No School	18 No School	19 No School
Sources of Bias	• Randomized Comparative Experiments		Thanksgiving Break	
5.15-5.20, 5.21-5.25, 5.28	5.33-5.38, 5.40-5.44	Read "Damn Lies" Ch2		
23 Sect 5.2	24 5.2 Review	24 FRAPPY	25 Review	26 Exam
Matched PairsBlocking	Sample AP Problems	Free Response Problem	Decisions Through Data Video	Chapter 5 Exam